

Jordan Heritage



Day 1: Arrive at Jordan:

Upon arrival at Queen Alia International Airport, complete customs and immigration formalities. Meet and greet by our local representative, and transfer to your hotel for check in , After lunch take a city tour of Amman, visiting the old city and newer neighborhoods transfer to Amman for an overnight stay. Amman The capital, Amman, known in history as Rabbit Ammon and in Greco-Roman times as Philadelphia, High above the city, at the ancient Citadel, study the traces of Amman's many lives: the regal columns of a roman temple in silhouette against the sky, the elegant capitals of a Byzantine church, endlessly inventive carvings in the Omayyad Palace, fascinating displays in the Archaeological Museum, and digs and ruins everywhere you step. At the foot of the Citadel, take a seat in the Roman Theatre, a deep- Sided bowl carved into the hill and still used for cultural events

Day 2: Amman - Jerash – Ajloun – Dead Sea - Amman:

After breakfast, tour Jerash and Ajloun before heading to the Dead Sea for a swim. Return to Amman for overnight. Jerash Where the Romans had a great time, The Roman excavations are of about the same size as the modern part of the town. It is really amazing to see so many columns. You can imagine Jerash is sometimes called the Pompeii of the East DEAD SEA At 400 meter's below sea Level, the Dead Sea is infinite in what it has to offer. Ever since the days of Herod the Great, People have flocked to the Dead Sea in search of its Curative secrets, Due to high annual temperatures, Low humidity and high atmospheric pressure, the air Extremely exogenous, and the high content of And magnesium in the air makes breathing a lot With the highest content of minerals and salts in the world, the Dead Sea water possesses anti-inflammatory properties, and the dark mud found on The shores have been used for over 2000 years for therapeutic purposes.

Day 3: Amman - Madaba – Nebo – Kerak – Petra:

After breakfast, travel to Petra via the King's Highway visiting Madaba, Mount Nebo and Kerak on the way, check-in at the hotel in Petra and stay overnight. MADABA South of Amman proudly stands the 'City of Mosaics', Madaba, perched on an archaeological site with more than 4000 years of history buried beneath it. The quality and quantity of mosaic flooring has made Madaba one of the most prominent cities in the world for mosaics. St. George's Church houses the world famous mosaic floor depicting a large mosaic map of Palestine. Centrally located on this mosaic floor is a detailed map of Jerusalem as it was during the sixth century AD. At the Church of the Apostles, at the south end of the city, is a mosaic floor attributed to the craftsman Salamanios, depicting the Sea, with the central figure of a woman encircled with a selection of creatures, vegetation and an inscription MOUNT NEBO Mount Nebo is the mountain where Moses was allowed to see the Holy Land, and not allowed to enter it. Nowadays the mountain is a memorial site. Here is the 'Church of Moses', built by the first Christians. Ever since the first days of Christianity this mountain has been a holy place and a destination for pilgrimage. Like Moses, you can have a great view over Jordan, the Dead Sea and Israel.

Day 4:Petra full day :

After breakfast, tour Petra overnight stay. PETRA The ancient city of Petra was built from 800 BC to 100 AD by Nabatean Arabs. In this era Petra was a fortress, carved out Of craggy rocks in an area, which was virtually inaccessible, In the first and second century, after the Romans took over, The city reached the Peak of its fame, Petra covers an area of about 100Square km, where over 800 monuments can be found. When shipping slowly displaced caravan routes, the city's importance gradually dwindled; it fell into disuse and was lost to the world until 1812, when it was Re-discovered by the Swiss explorer Johann Ludwig Burckhardt. Nowadays Petra is Jordan's number 1 tourist attraction, known as the 'rose-red city half as old as time'. The Khazneh (the treasury) starred in Indiana Jones and the Last Crusade.

Day 5:Petra – Wadi Rum - Amman:

Breakfast start a tour to Wadi Rum in the afternoon by four wheel drive inside the desert transfer to Amman for an overnight stay. WADI RUM Otherwise known as Valley of the Moon, the landscape of Wadi Rum with its Immensity, color and awe-inspiring shapes create an almost supernatural atmosphere. The setting for the film Lawrence of Arabia and the actual location where T.E. Lawrence set his camp, whose book 'The Seven Pillars of Wisdom' was named after the seven natural columns varying in height located in route to Wadi Rum. Bedouin camps are evident in the Wadi, which is still home to a number of Bedouin families, who welcome visitors with the hospitality and generosity that Bedouins are so famous for

Day 6:Departure:

Transfer to Amman QAIA Airport for final departure with full assistance of our local representative.



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